Complete Summary

TITLE

Hepatitis C: percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of hepatitis C who were counseled regarding the risks of alcohol consumption at least once within the 12 month reporting period.

SOURCE(S)

American Gastroenterological Association Institute, Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®. Hepatitis C physician performance measurement set. Chicago (IL): American Medical Association (AMA); 2008 Jun. 42 p. [4 references]

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the Measure Validity page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to assess the percentage of patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of hepatitis C who were counseled regarding the risks of alcohol consumption at least once within the 12 month reporting period.

RATIONALE

Minimize progression of liver disease. Higher levels of alcohol promote the development of progressive liver disease, with strong evidence for the detrimental effects of 30 g/day in men (approximately equivalent to 2 beers, 2 glasses of wine, or 2 mixed drinks) and 20 g/day in women. Lower amounts of alcohol also may increase the risk of liver damage associated with hepatitis C virus (HCV).* (National Institutes of Health [NIH])

*The following clinical recommendation statements are quoted <u>verbatim</u> from the referenced clinical guidelines and represent the evidence base for the measure:

Higher levels of alcohol use play an important role in promoting the development of progressive liver disease, with strong evidence for the detrimental effects of 30 g/day in men (approximately equivalent to 2 beers, 2 glasses of wine, or 2 mixed drinks) and 20 g/day in women. Lower amounts of alcohol also may increase the risk of liver damage associated with HCV. (NIH)

Abstinence should be recommended before and during antiviral treatment in alcoholic persons, and treatment of alcohol abuse should be linked with efforts to treat hepatitis C in alcoholic patients. A safe level of alcohol consumption in patients with hepatitis C has not been established. (American Gastroenterological Association [AGA])

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Hepatitis C virus (HCV); counseling; risks of alcohol consumption

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

All patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of hepatitis C

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Patients who were counseled* regarding the risks of alcohol consumption at least once within the 12 month reporting period

*Counseling may include documentation of a discussion regarding the risks of alcohol, or notation to decrease or abstain from alcohol intake.

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

 A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence

NATIONAL GUIDELINE CLEARINGHOUSE LINK

 American Gastroenterological Association medical position statement on the management of hepatitis C.

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Unspecified

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

Internal quality improvement National reporting

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Ambulatory Care Physician Group Practices/Clinics

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Physicians

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Individual Clinicians

TARGET POPULATION AGE

Age greater than or equal to 18 years

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Unspecified

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Living with Illness

IOM DOMAIN

Effectiveness Patient-centeredness

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

All patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of hepatitis C

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

All patients aged 18 years and older with a diagnosis of hepatitis C

Exclusions

None

RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Clinical Condition Encounter

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window is a single point in time

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Patients who were counseled* regarding the risks of alcohol consumption at least once within the 12 month reporting period

*Counseling may include documentation of a discussion regarding the risks of alcohol, or notation to decrease or abstain from alcohol intake.

Inclusions

None

MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Fixed time period

DATA SOURCE

Administrative data Medical record

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

Unspecified

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

Unspecified

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Measure #8: counseling regarding risk of alcohol consumption.

MEASURE COLLECTION

The Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement® Measurement Sets

MEASURE SET NAME

Hepatitis C Physician Performance Measurement Set

SUBMITTER

American Medical Association on behalf of the American Gastroenterological Association Institute and Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®

DEVELOPER

American Gastroenterological Association Institute Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®

FUNDING SOURCE(S)

Unspecified

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FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Conflicts, if any, are disclosed in accordance with the Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement® conflict of interest policy.

ENDORSER

National Quality Forum

INCLUDED IN

Ambulatory Care Quality Alliance Physician Quality Reporting Initiative

ADAPTATION

Measure was not adapted from another source.

RELEASE DATE

2006 Dec

REVISION DATE

2008 Jun

MEASURE STATUS

This is the current release of the measure.

SOURCE(S)

American Gastroenterological Association Institute, Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement®. Hepatitis C physician performance measurement set. Chicago (IL): American Medical Association (AMA); 2008 Jun. 42 p. [4 references]

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Measure #8: Counseling Regarding Risk of Alcohol Consumption," is published in "Hepatitis C Physician Performance Measurement Set." This document and technical specifications are available in Portable Document Format (PDF) from the American Medical Association (AMA)-convened Physician Consortium for Performance Improvement® Web site: www.physicianconsortium.org.

For further information, please contact AMA staff by e-mail at cqi@ama-assn.org.

NQMC STATUS

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on February 27, 2009. The information was verified by the measure developer on May 21, 2009.

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Date Modified: 7/27/2009

